

Fourth meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on measurability and indicators

12 February 2025,
Online
2:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m. (CET)

1. Opening and welcome

2a. Organizational matters - Adoption Agenda ^(1/2)

1. Opening and welcome
2. Organizational matters
 - a. Adoption of the agenda
 - b. Organization of work
3. Update on the thought starters
 - a. Interim criteria to select indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals
 - b. Proposed Factsheet template for indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals
4. Update on the workstreams
 - a. Update on progress of work under workstream 1
 - b. Update on progress of work under workstream 3

2a. Organizational matters - Adoption Agenda ^(2/2)

c. Update on progress of work under workstream 2

- i. HL indicator on the global environmental burden attributable to chemicals and waste
- ii. High-level indicator on the global burden of disease attributable to chemicals and waste

5. OEWG preparation

6. Next steps

7. Any other business

8. Closure of the meeting

2b. Organizational matters – Organization of work

- It is anticipated that this group will convene every quarter for 2-3 hours to advance its objectives.
- The meeting will be conducted in English only.
- Working documents are available on the meeting webpage at:
<https://www.chemicalsframework.org/page/open-ended-ad-hoc-group-measurability-and-indicators>
- **New GFC website** <https://www.unep.org/global-framework-chemicals>

2b. Organizational matters – Organization of work

Number of participants registered to three workstreams per stakeholder group via the task team registration link

	NGO / civil society	Government/ Public sector	Private sector/ Industry	Academia/ research institute	IGO	total
Workstream 1 Assessment of existing indicators	44	54	11	10	8	127
Workstream 2 Development of additional indicators	37	43	11	12	10	113
Workstream 3 Identification and Assessment of thematic and sector-specific work	49	43	13	13	8	126

3. Updates on the thought starters

a) Thought starter on criteria

Document [GFC/OEAHGMI.4/2](#)
“Interim criteria to select
indicators of the Global
Framework on Chemicals”



GFC/OEAHGMI.4/2

Distr.: General
5 February 2025
English only

**Fourth meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on
measurability and indicators**
Online, 12 February 2025, 14:00-16:30 CET

Interim criteria to select indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals

Note by the secretariat

1. At the second segment of the first meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on measurability and indicators (OEAHGMI) the group agreed that the secretariat, in coordination with the Co-Chairs, should develop a thought starter on criteria to select indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals.
2. The requested thought starter is attached in the Annex to this document. The thought starter underwent revision based on feedback received from stakeholders. It is now called “Interim criteria to select indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals”.

3. Updates on the thought starters

Criterion b) Availability of data to create a baseline and to assess progress: To ensure the effectiveness of indicators, historical data, where available, **may be used** to establish a baseline. **Where new indicators are required, and historical data is not yet available for them but can be generated, these data may be used to establish a baseline. (...)**

Criterion d) Allow for regular updating to help ensure sustainability of the measurement: Indicators should be updated regularly to ensure they reflect current conditions and trends. To the greatest extent possible, **and unless new data and data sources are required for new indicators**, indicators should be constructed from well-established sources of public and private data. The capacity for data collection and analysis to support the indicator should exist, **or be developed**, at national and international levels.

Criterion e) Allow for easy access to data and enable stakeholder participation in data collection: Data for indicators **has been made** publicly available and accessible to ensure transparency. Stakeholders should be actively involved in the development and maintenance of the indicators **and data**, ensuring that the data collected is relevant and has wide stakeholder acceptance. (...)

3. Updates on the thought starters

b) Thought starter on Factsheet for indicators

Document GFC/OEAHGMI.3/3

“Thought starter – Proposed Factsheet template for indicators of the Global Framework on Chemicals”

Name of indicator	
SPECIFICATIONS	
<i>This section provides the technical description of the indicator.</i>	
Description	Complete description of what the indicator would demonstrate. If relevant, include the reporting/measurement unit. List the target(s) that the indicator responds to.
Group	High-level/Headline/Target/Process/Impact.
Rationale/Relevance to the Framework/ Target relevance	Description of the relevance of the indicator to the Framework and why it was included to the list of indicators. Explanation of the importance of the indicator in achieving specific objectives and targets. If applicable, the scientific basis of the indicator should also be provided.
Linkages with development agendas	List relevant SDG indicators, policies / international conventions related to the indicator. Mention if the indicator is widely accepted and used in other frameworks, member states, etc.
Scale of application	Global, Regional, National, Sectoral.
Reporting period	Frequency of updates.
Ownership/custodian	Responsible entity for measuring / data collection and monitoring.
ASSESSMENT	
<i>Evaluation of the indicator.</i>	
Methodology	Brief summary of the methodology used to develop the indicator (further explanation is provided below in the Methodology section)
Assessment against criteria	Criteria met by the indicator.
Robustness	Description of the degree to which the indicator remains valid over time / statistical validation (if applicable).
Limitations	Select from drop-down menu (uncertainties, data gaps, reporting, lack of funding, ..., Other)
DATA SPECIFICATIONS	
<i>This section provides information on data sources (including links to sources or metadata), availability, scale of data collection, etc.</i>	
Data availability, accessibility and compatibility	Identification of data sources. Current availability of data / Historical data to establish a baseline. Where applicable, add baseline (link to baseline where available). For new indicators, evaluate future data availability. Assess compatibility of IT systems and databases
Sustainability of the data collection	Where applicable, description of system in place to guarantee regular data collection as well as description of resources needed.
Reporting mechanism	National / regional / sectorial reporting systems.
Data disaggregation / aggregation	Consideration of whether the global/regional indicator can be disaggregated to national level or global indicator can be collated from national data.
METHODOLOGY	
Methodology for indicator calculation	Description of how the indicator is developed (details of needed steps to reproduce the indicator). Methodology for calculating the indicator. Indication of units. If applicable, methodological issues (including comparability across countries and over time).
REFERENCES	
List of relevant references and sources.	

4. Update on the workstreams

a) Update on progress of work under workstream 1



Open-ended ad hoc group on measurability and indicators – Survey findings on GFC indicators

Workstream 1

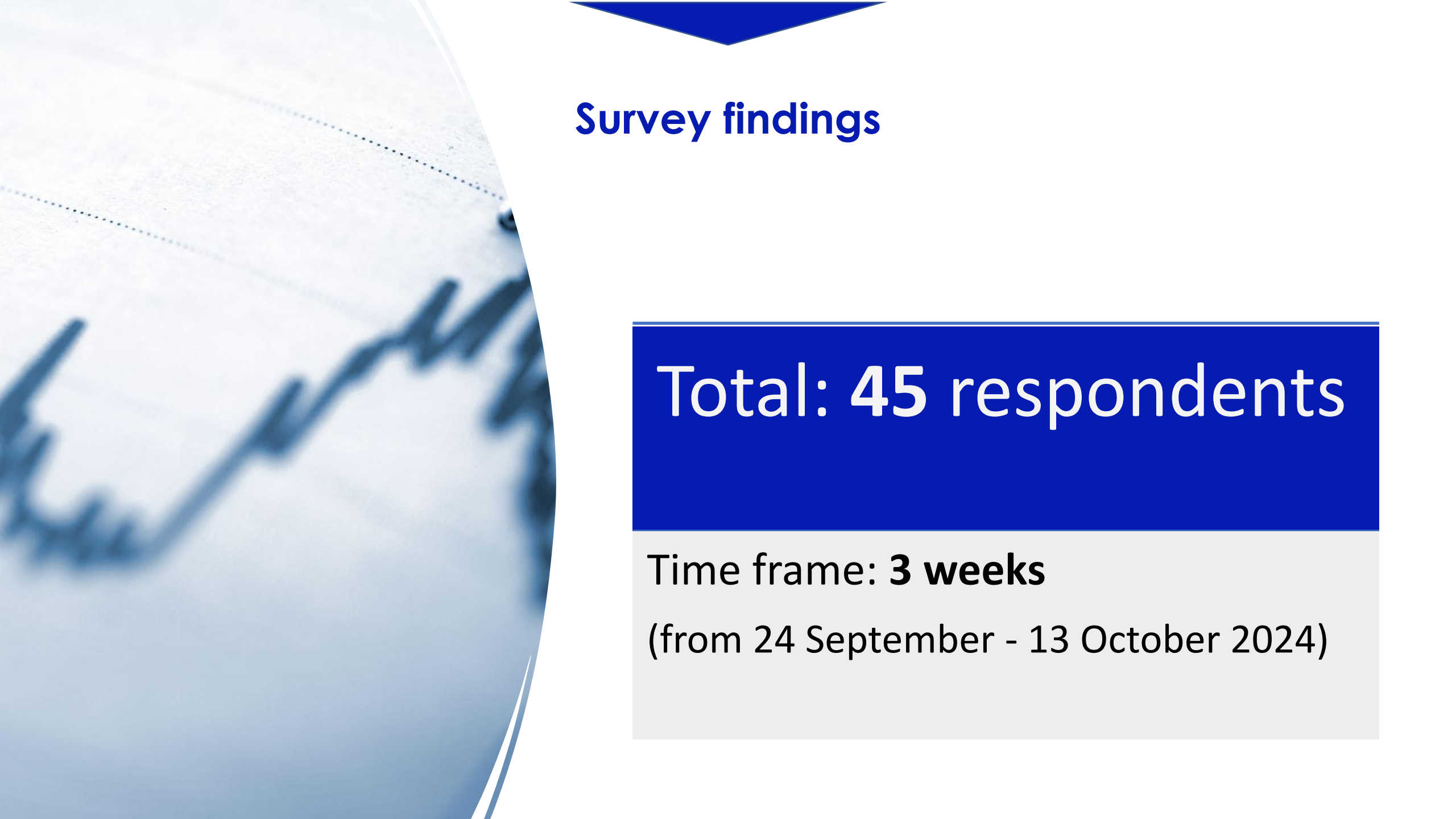
update – 12 February 2025



Objective of Workstream 1:



Workstream 1 is tasked with streamlining and strengthening the indicators, recalling that the aim is to reduce the number of indicators and enhance their robustness.



Survey findings

Total: **45** respondents

Time frame: **3 weeks**

(from 24 September - 13 October 2024)



Survey findings

Co-chairs agreed to conclusions:

- **Merge all decisions to approve either Group 1 or Group 2 selections from the w/stream stakeholders**
- **= 15 unique indicators**

- **Include those indicators where only 1 stakeholder disagreed with the suggestion to include the indicator**
- **= 7 unique indicators**

This results in 22 unique indicators



How would this look in the “measurability structure for tracking progress in the implementation of the Global Framework on Chemicals”? (the 22 indicators)

Survey findings

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>
Strategic objectives	A. Legal frameworks, institutional mechanisms and capacities are in place to support and achieve the safe and sustainable management of chemicals throughout their life cycle.
Targets	A1
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	• (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita; and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment • Number of countries with a PRTR (implement international standards for PRTRs, including parties to the Kyiv Protocol on PRTRs, countries that implement OECD standards for PRTRs, or equivalent.) • Countries with controls for lead in decorative paint • Number of countries that have achieved core capacities for chemicals under the International Health Regulations • GHS Implementation • Number of countries with legislation in place to manage industrial and consumer chemicals • The number of Parties (Stockholm) with regulatory and assessment schemes for new pesticides and/or new industrial chemicals

Survey findings

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>			
Strategic objectives	A. Legal frameworks, institutional mechanisms and capacities are in place to support and achieve the safe and sustainable management of chemicals throughout their life cycle.			
Targets	A2	A4	A6	A7
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	Number of countries using the Toolbox and its content to draft and adopt policies for the sound management of chemicals.	Parties to the BC have reached an adequate level of administrative and technical capacity (in the form of Customs, police, environmental enforcement and port authorities, among others) to prevent and combat illegal traffic and judicial capacity to deal with cases of illegal traffic	Number of countries with poisons centres	- The number of Parties (Stockholm) with regulatory and assessment schemes for new pesticides and/or new industrial chemicals - Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture

Survey findings

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>	
Strategic objectives	B. Comprehensive and sufficient knowledge, data and information are generated, available and accessible to all to enable informed decisions and actions.	
Targets	B3	B4
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	• Number of countries with a PRTR (implement international standards for PRTRs, including parties to the Kyiv Protocol on PRTRs, countries that implement OECD standards for PRTRs, or equivalent.) • Number of countries ratifying Aarhus Convention or the Escazu Agreement • (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita; and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment	• Number of countries with a PRTR (implement international standards for PRTRs, including parties to the Kyiv Protocol on PRTRs, countries that implement OECD standards for PRTRs, or equivalent.) • Number of countries that have achieved core capacities for chemicals under the International Health Regulations • GHS Implementation • Number of countries using the Toolbox and its content to draft and adopt policies for the sound management of chemicals.

Survey findings

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>	
Strategic objectives	B. Comprehensive and sufficient knowledge, data and information are generated, available and accessible to all to enable informed decisions and actions.	
Targets	B6	B7
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	• GHS Implementation	• Changes in levels of the listed persistent organic pollutants in humans • Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning (i.e. pollution and chemicals)

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>		
Strategic objectives	D. Safer alternatives and innovative and sustainable solutions in product value chains are in place so that benefits to human health and the environment are maximized and risks are prevented or, where prevention is not feasible, minimized.		
Targets	D2	D5	D7
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	• Proportion of domestic and industrial wastewater flows safely treated • (a) Hazardous waste generated per capita; and (b) proportion of hazardous waste treated, by type of treatment • National recycling rate, tons of material recycled (i.e. reduce waste)	• Proportion of agricultural area under productive and sustainable agriculture	• Number of member States with national Occupational Safety and Health (OSH) profiles • Number of ratifications of up-to-date ILO Conventions related to chemical risks

Vision	<i>Our vision is a planet free of harm from chemicals and waste for a safe, healthy and sustainable future</i>			
Strategic objectives	E. Enhanced implementation occurs through increased and effective resource mobilization, partnerships, cooperation, capacity building, and integration into all relevant decision-making processes.			
Targets	E1	E2	E3	E5
Indicators for tracking progress in reaching targets	• Number of ratifications of up-to-date ILO Conventions related to chemical risks • Number of parties to the Basel Convention that have developed and implemented national strategies, plans or programmes for reducing the generation and hazard potential of hazardous and other wastes • Number of parties to the Basel Convention that have developed and implemented national strategies, plans or programmes for hazardous waste minimization	• Number of programmes, projects or activities carried out by parties to the Basel Convention, jointly with other parties or together with other stakeholders (regional and international organizations, conventions, industry bodies, etc.), aimed at the environmentally sound management of priority waste streams that have been monitored and assessed to achieve this goal • Number of countries with a PRTR (implement international standards for PRTRs, including parties to the Kyiv Protocol on PRTRs, countries that implement OECD standards for PRTRs, or equivalent.)	• Total amount of funding for developing countries to promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies	• Number of countries that have achieved core capacities for chemicals under the International Health Regulations



Next stage – Gaps analysis

1. Where NO indicators matched to a target, this is **RED** – a clear gap
2. Where indicators are matched to a target, this can either be considered as
 - fully addressing the target, **GREEN**
 - partially addressing the target, **ORANGE** – still could be considered as a gap

IOMC to coordinate (by 21 February 2025) and make a proposal of Red, Orange, Green to submit to the Workstream 1 (via a survey) by 14 March 2025

Results to be collated and submitted to a meeting of Workstream 1 ~ April 2025



Inter-Organization Programme for the
Sound Management of Chemicals

**WORKING TOGETHER TO
END CHEMICAL POLLUTION**

Thank you!

Oliver.wootton@unitar.org

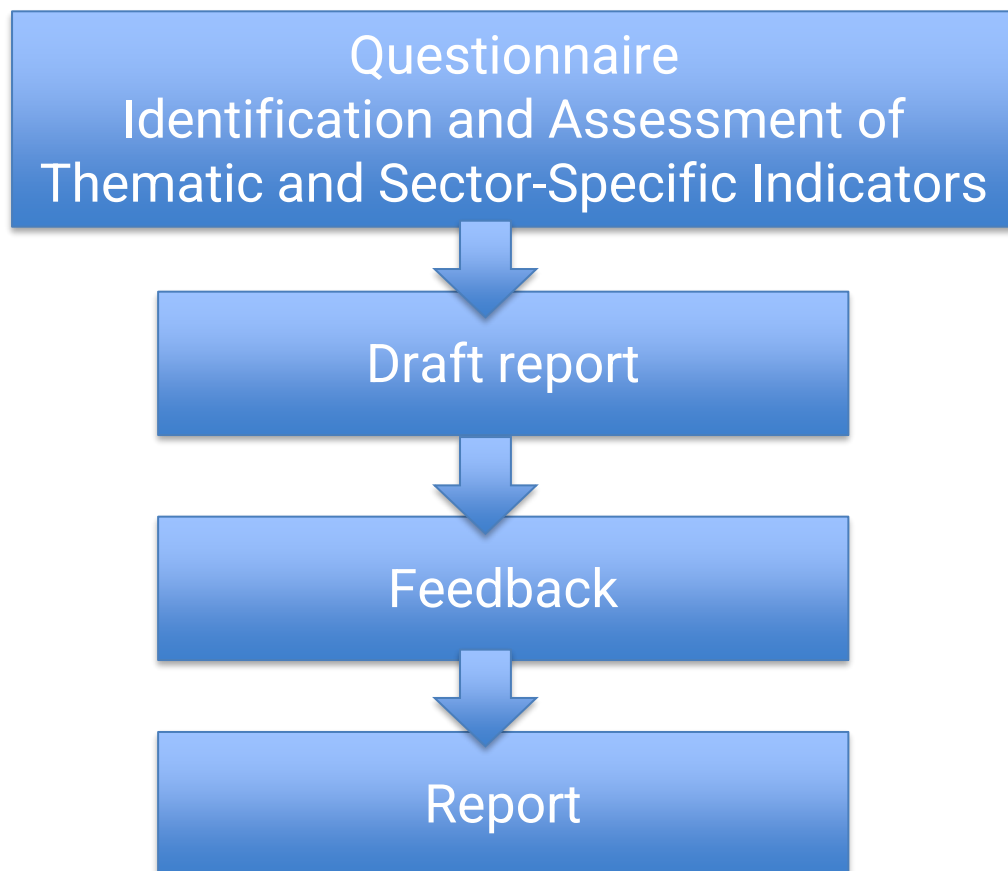
12 February 2025



4. Update on the workstreams

b) Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Update on progress of work under workstream 3



**Fourth meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on
measurability and indicators**
Online, 12 February 2025, 14:00-16:30 CET

Report – Questionnaire on thematic and sector-specific indicators relevant to the GFC and to the IOMC proposed GFC implementation programme

Results and preliminary analysis of the responses

Note by the secretariat

1. At the second segment of the first meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on measurability and indicators (OEAHGMI) the group agreed that the secretariat would lead the task team of workstream 3 in undertaking an analysis to identify and assess indicators (either existing or under development) that cover different sectors and themes of relevance to the Global Framework on Chemicals (GFC) and its implementation programmes.
2. The secretariat launched a questionnaire to gather feedback from stakeholders on the current use and on the development of new thematic and sector-specific indicators. The Inter-Organization Programme for the Sound Management of Chemicals (IOMC) also launched a “Global survey to support development of a GFC implementation programme on industry engagement and action along value chains”. This survey included questions on indicators. Results and a preliminary analysis of the responses were collected in a draft report that was shared with the task team of workstream 3 for feedback (12 submissions were received). The report is in annex to this document.

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Indicators in use in industry sector

❖ Responsible care initiative

- Safety at work (e.g. - Number of fatalities for employees)
- Environmental performance (e.g. - Greenhouse Gas Emissions [Metric tons of CO2 equivalents])
- Energy (e.g. Energy consumption, water consumption)

❖ Indicators related to chemicals management

- % of **chemical products and raw materials with disclosed information** on benefits and safety to ensure safe usage for our customers
- % of areas where **impacts on health, environment and safety** from chemicals are **managed responsibly and sustainably** considering their stages from raw materials procurements to disposal

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Indicators in use by NGO/Civil society

- ❖ Existing indicators from Conventions and Agreements (related to chemicals and waste)
 - IOMC indicators (e.g. Ind. 5, Ind.8, Ind. 11)
 - Biodiversity indicators (e.g. P2020 Ind.1 T14.2)
 - Basel Convention indicators (e.g. Ind.1: Obj1.2, Obj2.2, Obj2.3 and Obj2.4)
 - SDG indicators (SDG 12.4.1, SDG 3.9.1, 3.9.2 and 3.9.3, and SDG 12.5.1)
 - UNSD (e.g. waste Ind.3)
 - OECD (e.g. Ind. 1)

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Ongoing collaborations between NGO/Civil society and Industry

The Roadmap to Zero Programme

- Number of chemical formulators that offer sustainable chemical substitutes
- Brand performance indicators
- Number of suppliers making chemical inventories

Better Cotton Initiative

- Better standards in cotton farming and practices

Chemical Footprint Project

- Conduct a full inventory of ingredients and/ or chemicals used in products and supply chain
- Develop a management plan, covering operations and supply chains and integrated into business strategy, that evaluates chemical risks, prioritizes safer chemical innovation and adopts a hazard-based approach
- Reduce chemicals of concern
- Invest in safer solutions that improve chemical safety and add value to the brand

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Investment sector

1. Integration of safe chemical and waste management practices into its business strategy;
2. Setting targets to reduce the production and/or use of chemicals of concern;
3. Reporting on progress in the implementation of these practices.

Existing reporting standards already adopted to evaluate performance and progress of private companies:

- Recognized disclosure standards (e.g. GRI , SASB Standards , etc)
- External benchmarking frameworks (e.g. Chemical Footprint Project Report , ChemScore, Mind the Store Retailer Scorecard, TCFD and TNFD, World Benchmarking Alliance, etc.).

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Development of new indicators

- The types and quantities of **registered pesticide consumption**;
- Availability of **statistical information** about the manufacturing, use, and import of chemicals including their toxicity;
- Establishment and regular updating of the **PRTR system for chemicals in all countries** (developing and countries with economies in transition)
- Implementation of obligations related to ratifying specific MEAs

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Development of new indicators

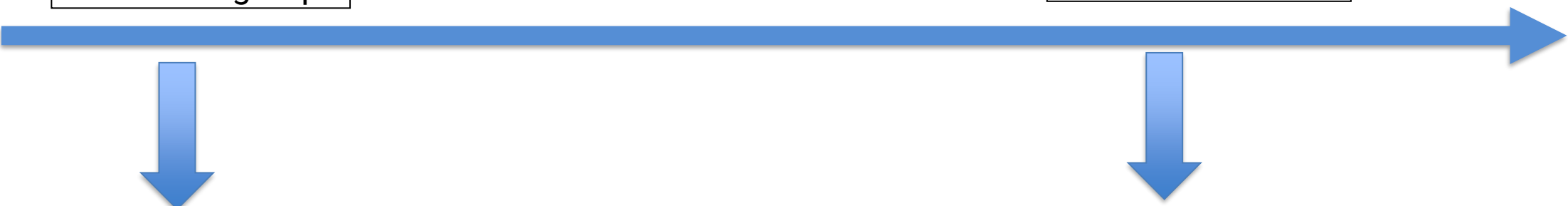
- Make **chemical identity information** for manufactured materials and products transparent, available, and traceable to all stakeholders throughout the value chain
- Address gaps in indicators that measure **innovation in green and sustainable chemistry** and make use of the **Best Available Technology principles**
- Standardise procedures in the evaluation and comparison of performance of companies
- Develop internationally recognised **reporting standards** in the field of chemicals and waste management
- Indicators focusing on risk management and risk assessment
- Gender-related

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Next steps of workstream 3

4th meeting of
the ad hoc group

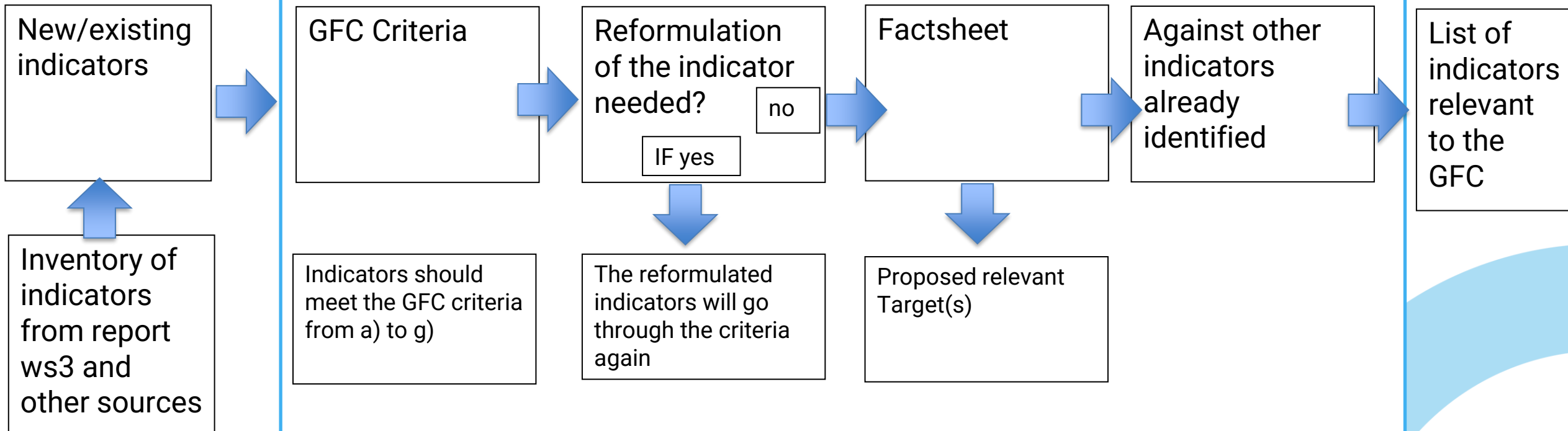
OPEN ENDED
WORKING GROUP

- 
- **Focus:** targets (with no indicators) that are relevant to private/industry sector (A3, B2, D1, D3, D4, D6)
 - **Analysis:** Assessment of indicators proposed in the report against the criteria and factsheets (Contribution to this work will be asked to the task team)
 - **Participants:** Stakeholders from industry/private sectors and experts will be asked to participate in/contribute to the work

Update on progress of work under workstream 3

Next steps of workstream 3

Assessment of indicators



4. Update on the workstreams

c) Update on progress of work under workstream 2

i. HL indicator on global environmental burden attributable to chemicals and waste indicator

Update on the development of a high-level indicator on the “global environmental burden attributable to chemicals and waste”

Fourth Meeting of the open-ended ad hoc group on measurability and indicators – 12 February 2025

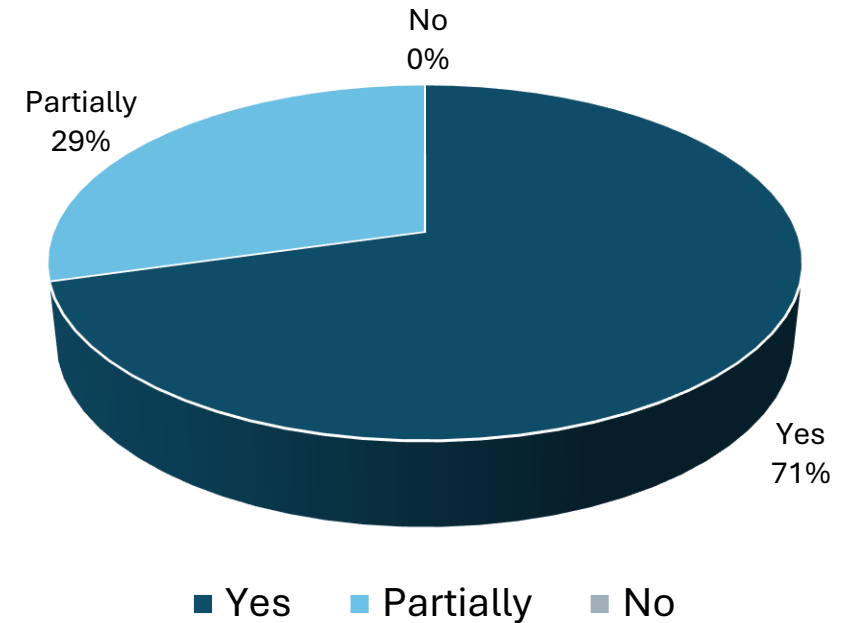
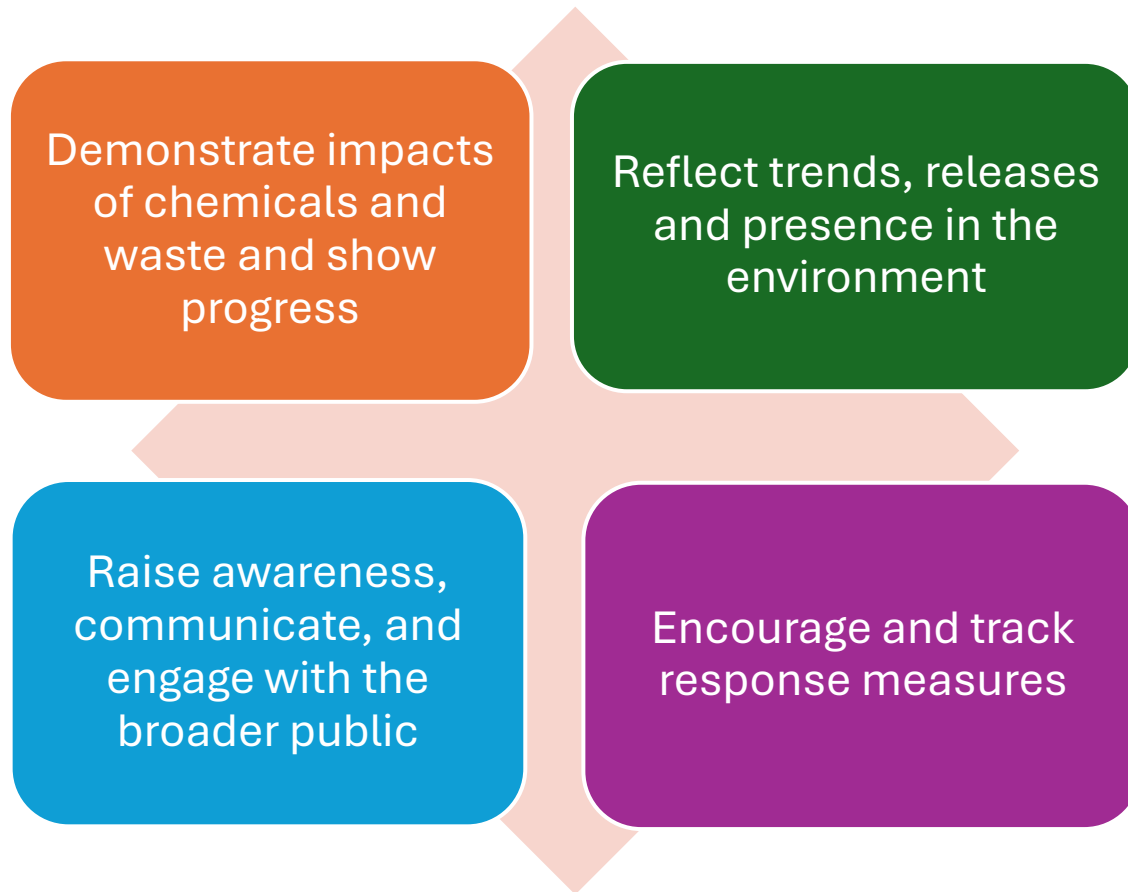
Role of the Task Team

- Develop a high-level indicator on the “global environmental burden attributable to chemicals and waste”
- Consider the applicability of existing information, data sets, assessments and monitoring systems as well as, amongst others, Targets D6 and B7
- Report on progress to the OEAHGMI
- *UNEP invited to lead the task team with support of OECD and UNECE together with other interested stakeholders.*

Proposed approach in developing the high-level indicator

- By OEWG (June 2025): focus on objectives, scope & constituting elements
- By International Conference (Q4 2026): define methodology, operationalization, test/validate and present proposed HLI in draft “factsheet”
- Task team meetings, call for input and expert consultations

Proposed objectives for the high-level indicator



Views expressed by TT members

Proposed objectives for the high-level indicator

Examples of TT members input

- “Planetary Boundaries connection”

Demonstrate impacts of chemicals and waste and show progress

Reflect trends, releases and presence in the environment

- “Trends in releases should be priority”

Raise awareness, communicate, and engage with the broader public

Encourage and track response measures

Connecting to the health-related aspects

- “Reflect age disaggregated data”

- “Remediation actions”
- “Financial Resources”

Proposed scope of the high-level indicator

Production, use, trade and releases
("Life Cycle of Chemicals")

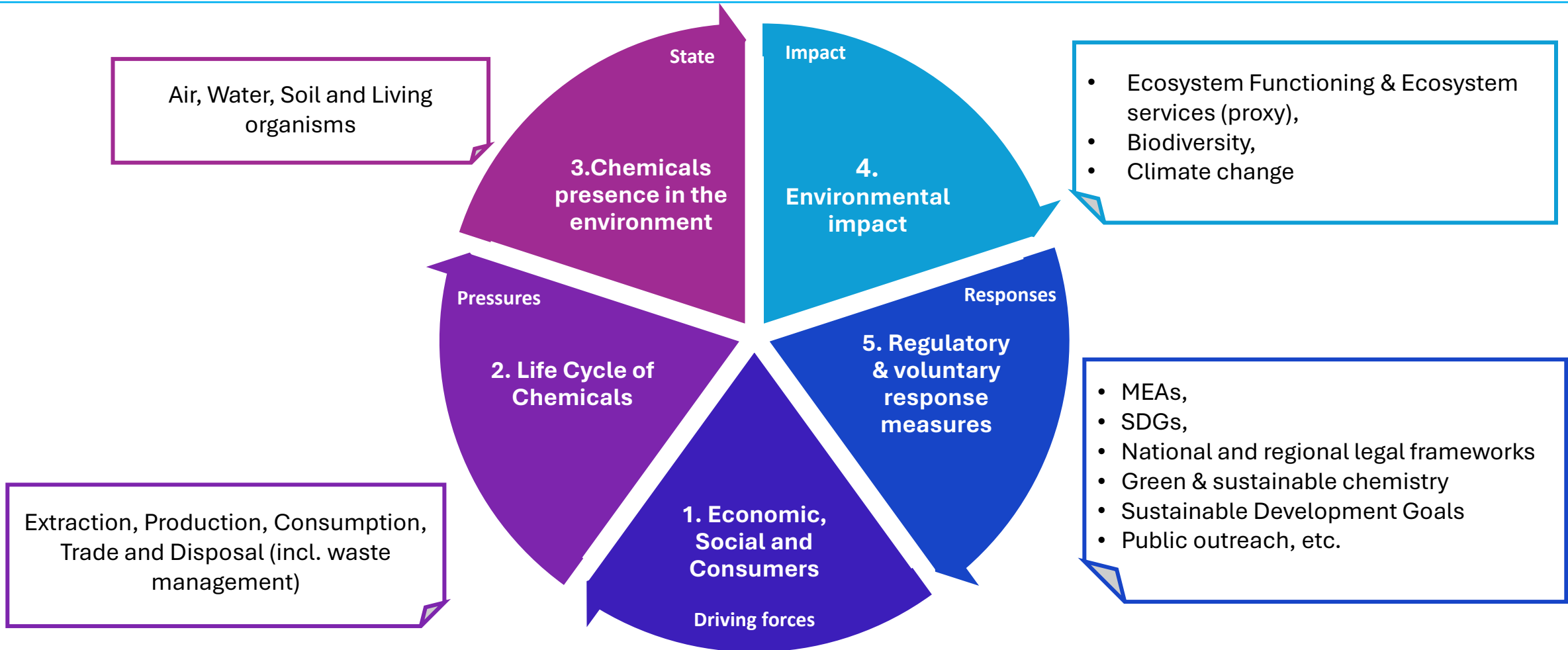
Presence of chemicals and waste in environmental matrices

Link between environment and health

Impact on the environment

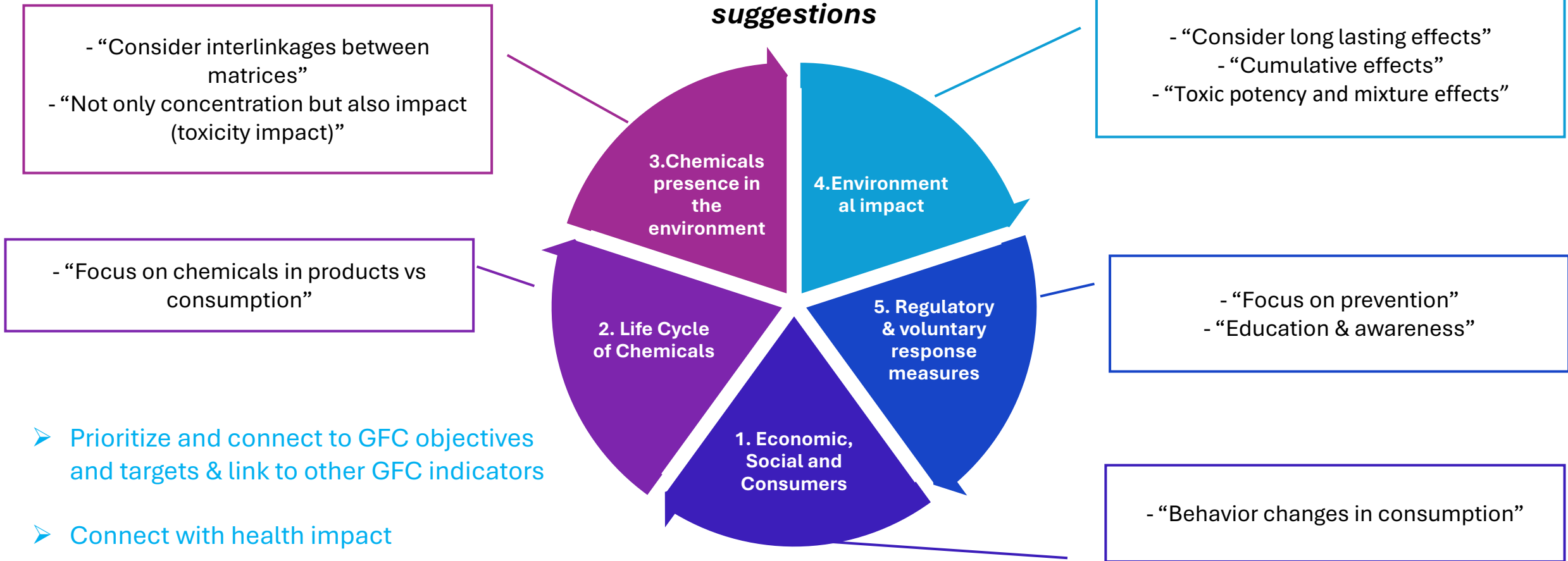
Response measures

Proposed scope of the high-level indicator



Proposed scope of the high-level indicator

Examples of TT members suggestions



Identifying the elements constituting the HLI

Life Cycle of Chemicals

- **PRTR systems** (e.g. UNECE/ OECD)
- **Global E-waste monitor** (ITU/UNITAR);
- **Global waste management** outlook / assessments (e.g. UNEP, OECD)

Examples of additional suggestions:

- “EU REACH, “UK REACH”, and others”
- “Industry Unions, annual report”

Identifying the elements constituting the HLI

Life Cycle of Chemicals

- **PRTR systems** (e.g. UNECE/ OECD)
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Examples of additional suggestions:

- “EU REACH, “UK REACH”, and others”
- “Industry Unions, annual report”

Presence of chemicals in environmental matrices

Global monitoring Covering air / water / soil / biota:

- Global Monitoring of POPs (Stockholm)
- GEMS/Water and GOOS
- GLOSIS (FAO Global Soil Partnership)
- WMO's Global Atmosphere Watch (GAW)

Examples of additional suggestions:

- “Global Partnership on Plastic Pollution and Marine Litter (GPML)”
- “Data from OSPAR”

Identifying the elements constituting the HLI

Life Cycle of Chemicals	Presence of chemicals in environmental matrices	Impacts on the environment
➤ PRTR systems (e.g. UNECE/ OECD) ➤ Global E-waste monitor (ITU/UNITAR); ➤ Global waste management outlook / assessments (e.g. UNEP, OECD) <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “EU REACH, “UK REACH”, and others” ➤ “Industry Unions, annual report”	Global monitoring Covering air / water / soil / biota: ➤ Global Monitoring of POPs (Stockholm) ➤ GEMS/Water and GOOS ➤ GLOSIS (FAO Global Soil Partnership) ➤ WMO's Global Atmosphere Watch (GAW) <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “Global Partnership on Plastic Pollution and Marine Litter (GPML)” ➤ “Data from OSPAR”	➤ Ecosystem functioning/ Services: IUCN CEM, GEO BON, MA, SEEA-UNSD, IPBES, etc. ➤ Biodiversity: CBD, GBF, IUCN Red List Ecosystems ➤ Climate change: UNCFF, IPCC <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “Synergies with planetary boundaries” ➤ “NGO report data” ➤ “UNCCD SDGs”

Identifying the elements constituting the HLI

Life Cycle of Chemicals	Presence of chemicals in environmental matrices	Impacts on the environment	Regulatory and voluntary response measures
➤ PRTR systems (e.g. UNECE/ OECD) ➤ Global E-waste monitor (ITU/UNITAR); ➤ Global waste management outlook / assessments (e.g. UNEP, OECD) <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “EU REACH, “UK REACH”, and others” ➤ “Industry Unions, annual report”	Global monitoring Covering air / water / soil / biota: ➤ Global Monitoring of POPs (Stockholm) ➤ GEMS/Water and GOOS ➤ GLOSIS (FAO Global Soil Partnership) ➤ WMO's Global Atmosphere Watch (GAW) <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “Global Partnership on Plastic Pollution and Marine Litter (GPML)” ➤ “Data from OSPAR”	➤ Ecosystem functioning/ Services: IUCN CEM, GEO BON, MA, SEEA-UNSD, IPBES, etc. ➤ Biodiversity: CBD, GBF, IUCN Red List Ecosystems ➤ Climate change: UNCFF, IPCC <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “Synergies with planetary boundaries” ➤ “NGO report data” ➤ “UNCCD SDGs”	➤ National and regional legal frameworks ➤ Green & sustainable chemistry ➤ Sustainable Development Goals ➤ MEAs (e.g. BRS-M conventions, Protocol on PRTRs) ➤ Public outreach <i>Examples of additional suggestions:</i> ➤ “National Resources Taxes” ➤ “GHS classification” ➤ “Voluntary National Reviews (VNRs)”

Next Steps

- Further refine the proposed objective and scope, considering feedback and input received
- Call for information on existing sources of information, review of information sources in light of criteria
- Expert consultations and next task team meeting in March 2025
- Input to INF document to OEWG

Thank you for your attention!

4. Update on the workstreams

c) Update on progress of work under workstream 2

ii. HL indicator on global burden of disease attributable to chemicals and waste indicator

Update on workstream 2 (WHO)

Global burden of disease from chemicals and waste

Global Burden of Disease attributable to chemicals and waste

Thought starter

- **Thought starter presented at Second OEAHWG- 2 (14 August 2024)**
 - Existing GBD systems have a well-established methodology but are limited in scope/applicability for estimated GBD chemicals.
 - WHO global study of knowns & unknowns 3 period assessments 2012, 2016, 2019.
 - BOD from wastes would need separate definition and assessment
- **Thought starter indicated - some possible ways forward**
 - Strengthen and extend existing approaches
 - Consider the development of a composite indicator from existing “lower level” indicators
 - Consider a proxy indicator e.g., exposure
- **Next steps**
 - Meeting/webinar of interested stakeholders – ahead of the fifth meeting of OEAHWG
 - Circulation of additional background information/concept note

5. OEWG Preparation

- **WHEN: 24 – 27 June 2025**
- **WHERE: Uruguay**, Convention and Exhibition Centre in Punta del Este
- Outcomes to be presented at OEWG June 2025
- Documents working documents (deadline 12 March 2025)
Information documents (25 April 2025)
- Activities of the ad hoc group at the OEAHGMI

Punta del Este, Uruguay
24-27 June 2025

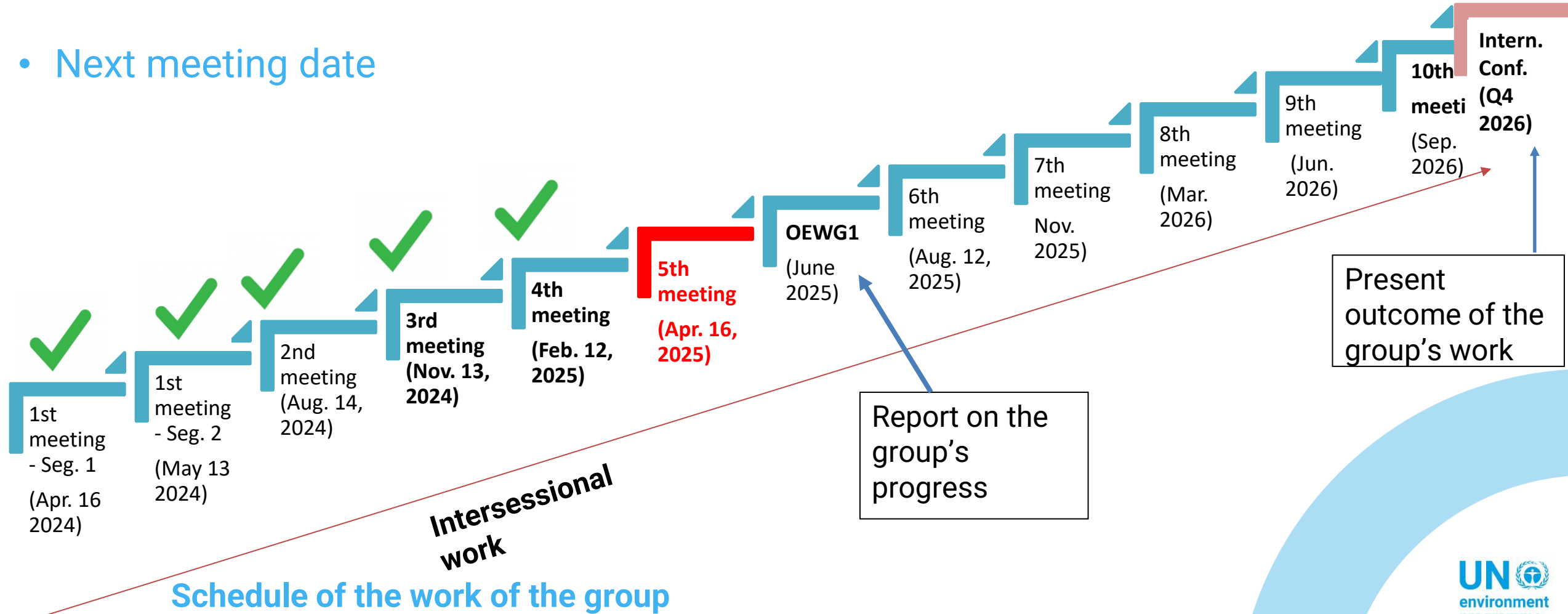
Pre-Meetings		Open-Ended Working Group				
SUNDAY 22 June	MONDAY 23 June	TIME	TUESDAY 24 June	WEDNESDAY 25 June	THURSDAY 26 June	FRIDAY 27 June
			Strategic Objective A	Strategic Objective B&C	Strategic Objective D	Strategic Objective E
	Bureau	8:00-9:00	Bureau	Bureau	Bureau	Bureau
IOMC Global Workshop on National Chemicals Systems IP1	IOMC Global Workshop on National Chemicals Systems IP1 LUNCH	9:00-10:00	Regional and Sectoral Meetings	Regional and Sectoral Meetings	Regional and Sectoral Meetings	Regional and Sectoral Meetings
		10:00-12:00	OPENING PLENARY	PLENARY	Multi-stakeholder Activities	PLENARY
		12:00-13:00	Resolutions V/8, V/11, V/3, V/12, V/4	Resolutions V/5, V/6, V/7, V/9, V/10		Finance/ Investors
LUNCH	Technical Briefing on GFC Fund	13:00-14:00	LUNCH (+ Side events) e.G Global Alliance on HHPs	LUNCH (+ Side events) e.g., Data Transparency – ICCA	LUNCH (+ Side events) e.g., Chemical Footprint inc. methodologies	LUNCH (+ Side events) e.g. Promoting disinvestment in hazardous chemicals

Pre-Meetings		Open-Ended Working Group				
SUNDAY 22 June	MONDAY 23 June	TIME	TUESDAY 24 June	WEDNESDAY 25 June	THURSDAY 26 June	FRIDAY 27 June
			Strategic Objective A	Strategic Objectives B&C	Strategic Objective D	Strategic Objective E
IOMC Global Workshop on National Chemicals Systems IP1	Technical Briefing on Measurability	14:00-15:00	Focal Point Masterclass: e.g., Asian Chemical Forum: regulatory compliance and trade	Focal Point Masterclass: e.g., Communication – talking the “right language”	Focal Point Masterclass: e.g., Standards for Financial Disclosures	Focal Point Masterclass: e.g., Networking through sectoral co-operation and partnerships
IOMC Global Workshop on National Chemicals Systems IP1 (cont.)	Regional and Sectoral Meetings	15:00-18:00	PLENARY Contact Group 1 on Resolution V/8 [Slot for Contact Group]	Contact Group 2 on Resolution V/5 [Slot for Contact Group]	Multistakeholder Activities Economic and industry sectors TBC (cont.)	PLENARY
		18:30 onwards	Reception [Slot for Contact Group]	Contact group 2 on V/5 [Slot for Contact Group]		

6. Next steps

1. Meeting agreements

- Next meeting date



Schedule of the work of the group

Note-The exact dates indicated are tentative and will be confirmed prior the sessions

6. Next steps

2. Main deliverables and areas of work

Next Deliverables by the fifth meeting of the OEAHGMI

- **Workstream 1 – List of priority indicators**
- **Workstream 2 – High-Level indicators**
- **Workstream 3 – Economic and industry sectors indicators**

6. Next steps

3. Working modalities

- Meetings will be conducted in English.
- Request written submissions from leads two weeks in advance- will be uploaded to the website.
- Send any other submissions from relevant stakeholders to the Secretariat (unep-gfc.secretariat@un.org) Deadlines will be notified to participants.
- All Meeting Reports and relevant documentation will be uploaded to the website.
- Works of the teams done intersessionally will be conducted separately with Secretariat support as requested.
- Secretariat will compile information of participants in each workstream and liaise accordingly with team leads.

8. Any other business

9. Closure of the meeting

Thank you

9. Closure of the meeting

