

Group D

Day 2- Blue Ocean Workshop

Processes

- * Use existing processes where possible, such as
 - * National sustainable development strategies
 - * Policy reviews and reform processes
 - * Civil society initiatives
 - * Build on green growth initiatives
 - * Implementation of Nairobi Convention Protocols
- * Align regional processes
- * Develop common positions on global processes
- * Engage with regional/provincial governments and initiatives

Examples of processes

- * African Union Maritime Strategy 2050 and Agenda 2063
- * AU Climdev programme
- * African Ministerial Conference on Environment
- * WIO Challenge

Programmes and Projects

- * Review and engage with existing and pipeline programmes and projects (national/regional)
- * Prepare inventory of programmes and projects
- * Examples:
 - * SWIOFish
 - * WIO-SAP
 - * SAPPHIRE Project
 - * North Mozambique Channel
 - * IOC Coasts
 - * SMARTFISH

Business/Private sector

- * CSR: Responsible industry codes
- * Product certification (fisheries, tourism, mariculture)
- * Public-Private partnerships
- * Opportunity for government reforms especially to get the business/private sector involved
- * Legal certainty: improved marine tenure, investment climate

Finance

- * Reinvestment of major incomes from extractive industries.
- * Mainstreaming core functions into recurrent public funding (rather than relying on project funding)
- * Climdev fund (African Union)
- * GEF, World Bank Climate Funds
- * Coordinated national funding for Regional/subregional projects developed by RECs (COMESA, SADAC, ECOWAS etc.)
- * Development of free trade area- customs tariff concessions for blue and green products

Toolkits

- * Regional guidelines for application of key toolkits e.g.
 - * marine spatial planning,
 - * ecosystem approach,
 - * capital accounting,
 - * payment for ecosystem services,
 - * ecosystem valuation,
 - * EIAs for extractive industries;
 - * indicators, monitoring and enforcement
- * Disseminate lessons learned on application of toolkits

Technologies

- * Knowledge exchange on viability and regional application of emerging technologies e.g. mariculture

Pathways

- * Build a clear social, economic and political justification for blue economy
- * Use of Labs approach (e.g. South Africa, Tanzania): Priority sectors, sector objectives, strategy, indicators and monitoring
- * Green economy lessons and synergies
- * NC has opportunity to get actionable commitments that are feasible for governments to implement by taking advantage of the discussions happening now
- * Balanced positioning of blue economy in regional and national agendas